Kera language

Kera is an East Chadic language spoken by 45,000 people in Southwest Chad and 6,000 people in North Cameroon.

It was called "Tuburi" by Greenberg, a name shared with Tupuri.

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Grammar

Phonology

Consonants^[3] Vowels^{[4][5]}

References

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Grammar

Kera is a subject-verb-object language, using prepositions. It uses exclusively borderline case-marking.

Phonology

The phonetic symbols and charts used are from the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA)

Consonants^[3]

	Bila	abial	Labio	- dental	Alve	eolar	Pala	atal	Ve	lar	Glot	tal
Plosive	р	b			t	d	С		k	g		
Nasal		m				n				ŋ		
Trill						r						
Fricative			f	V	s	z					h	
Approximant								j				
Lateral												
approximant						I						

Ke	era			
Native to	Chad, Cameroon			
Native speakers	(50,000 cited 1993) ^[1]			
Language	Afro-Asiatic			
family	Chadic			
	East Chadic			
	East Chadic A			
	Kwang (A.3)			
	Kera			
Language codes				
ISO 639-3	ker			
Glottolog	kera1255 (htt			
	p://glottolog.o			
	rg/resource/lan			
	guoid/id/kera12 55) ^[2]			

Vowels[4][5]

Kera's vowels are, including allophones:

	front	central	back
close	i	i	u
mid	e/ε		о/э
open	a/ə		

But can also be expressed as:

- **High** The tongue is positioned near the top of the mouth.
- **Round** The lips are rounded while the vowel is pronounced.
- **Front** The tongue is positioned at the front of the mouth.

	not round	not round	round		
	front	central	back		
high	i	i	u		
not high	e / ε	a / ə	0/0		

Kera has vowel harmony.

In Kera, many words are required to only have vowels in the **high** or **not high** vowel class. For example, a word may have any of the vowels $i \ni u$ or any of the vowels $e \ni a$, but words containing both, e.g. words with $i \ni a$ and $o \ni a$, are prohibited.

References

- 1. Kera (https://www.ethnologue.com/18/language/ker/) at *Ethnologue* (18th ed., 2015)
- Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Kera" (http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/kera1255). Glottolog 3.0. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.
- 3. Atanga, Lilian Lem; Ellece, Sibonile Edith; Litosseliti, Lia; Sunderland, Jane (2013). <u>Gender and Language in Sub-Saharan Africa: Tradition, Struggle and Change (https://books.google.co.uk/books?id=EXbjecKfE8YC&printsec=frontcover&dq=isbn:9027218749&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwi76aeBlMviAhU8ShUIHWd-DG8Q6AEIKjAA#v=onepage&q&f=false). John Benjamins Publishing. p. 82. ISBN 9789027218742.</u>
- 4. "Vowels in harmony Kera" (https://www.sil.org/linguistics/vowels-harmony-kera). *SIL International*. 2013-02-08. Retrieved 2019-06-02.
- 5. https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/3aa8/052c008ef2d5b38f0146cf59c5d2641b8795.pdf ATR allophones or undershoot in Kera? Retrieved 2019-06-02.

External links

 Research on stress in Kera (http://www.phon.ucl.ac.uk/research/Pearce,%20Phonology%2020 06.pdf) Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Kera_language&oldid=903427254"

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